

**Hazardous Material** 

Health

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

### Section 1. Identification

Kamps Propane 1915 Moffat Blvd	Transportation Emergency (P	ERS) 1(80	0)633-8253
Manteca CA 95336	Technical Informati	i <b>on</b> (209) 823	3-8924 ext 5063
Product Name:	PROPANE	SDS no.	6182
Common Name:	Propane, Liquefied Petroleum Gas; LP Gas; HD-5 Propane; HD- 10 Propane; Commercial Propane, Unordorized Propane, Odorized Prop	Revision Date: pane.	4/1/2015
Chemical Name :	Dimethylmethane	Chemical Formula:	C3H8
Chemical Family: Relevant identified u	Paraffin Hydrocarbons ses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Not Avalabl	e		
	Section 2. Hazards Identification		

**OSHA/HCS Status:** This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or <u>GHS label elements</u>	FLAMMABLE GASES GASES UNDER PRES	- Category 1 SSURE - Comp	ressed gas		
Hazard pictograms:	•	•			
Signal word:	Danger				
Hazard Statements:	Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.				
Precautionary staten	nents				
General:	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.				
Prevention:	Do not handle until all Keep away from heat, sources. No smoking. protection. Use person	safety precaution hot surfaces, sp Wear protective nal protective ec	ons have been read parks, open flames e gloves/clothing an quipment as require	l and understood. and other ignition d eye/face d.	
Response:	Leaking gas fire: Do no	ot extinguish, ui	nless leak can be s	topped safely.	
Storage:	Protect from sunlight.	Store in a well-v	ventilated place.		
Disposal:	Not applicable.				
Hazards not otherwis	se classified: Not	t known.			
Hazardous Material I National Fire Protect	nformation System (U. ion Association (U.S.A	.S.A) A)	Health: 1 Health: 2	Flammability: 4 Flammability: 4	Physical Hazards : 2 Instability: 0
					Fire Hazard

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**National Fire** 

Information System (U.S.A)

Fire hazard	4
Physical hazards:	2
Personal protection	



### Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance/mixture Chemical name	Mixture Dimethylmethane		
Other means of identification	HD-5 Propane; HD-10 Propane; Commercial Propane, Unordorized Propane, Odorized Propane.		
Ingredient Name	· · · ·	%	Cas Number
Propane		90-100	74-98-6
Ethyl Mercaptan		<0.1	75-08-1
Potential Impurties			
Propene; Propylene		0 - 10	115-07-1
Butanes (n-Butane and iso-Butane)		0 - 5	106-97-8, 75-28-5
Ethane		0 - 8	74-84-0

Odorized products contain small quantities of ethyl mercaptan as an olfactory indicator.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **Section 4. First Aid Measures**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye Contact	In case of liquid contact with eyes, flush eyes immediately with clear water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact
	lenses if present and easy to do. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	If respiratory symptoms or other symptoms of exposure develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. If victim is not breathing, clear airway and immediately begin artificial respiration. Seek immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact	Frozen tissue should be flushed with plenty of tepid water. Do not use hot water. In case of blistering, frostbite, or freeze burns, seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with cool water. Seek medical attention.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	The substance may cause effects on the central nervous system.
Skin Contact	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite
Ingestion	As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	Propane exhibits some degree of anesthetic action and is mildly irritating to the mucous membranes
Inhalation	At high concentrations propane acts as a simple asphyxiant without other significant physiological effects. High concentrations may cause death due to oxygen depletion. Dizziness: confusion:
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Notes to physicial	mediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary  Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities bave been ingested or inheled
Specific treatmen	ts No specific treatment.
Protection of first	-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

<u>Extinguishing media</u> Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not extinguish gas fire unless the gas leak can be stopped.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The gas is heavier than air and may flash back at a distance.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

### **Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures**

# Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-

proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and Storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.

### **Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

### **Control Parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredients Name	Exposure Limits	
Propane	NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	
Propene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.	
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working	

	period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin Protection	
Hand protection Body protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<u>Appearance</u>		Relative density	0.5
Physical State	Gas. [(liquid under pressure).]		
		Evaporation rate	Not availabile
Color	Coloriess	Solubility	Not availabile
Odor	If odorized, will have rotten	Colubility	Not available
	egg odor, otherwise	Solubility in water	Very Slighty Soluble
Odor threshold	Not Avalable		
		Partition coefficient: n-	Not availabile
PH	Not available	octoanol/water	167 778°C (971°E
Melting point	Not available		407.778 C (874 F
		Decomposition temperature	Not availabile
Boiling point	-42.222°C (-44°F)		
		SADT	Not availabile
Flash Point	Closed cup: -104.444°C (-156°F)	Viegopity	Natavailahila
Flammability	Not available	VISCOSILY	Not availablie
Tamhability		Vapor Pressure	190 psia @ 100°F
Lower and upper explosive	Lower: 2.1%	'	1
(flammable) limits	Upper: 9.5%	Vapor Density	1.5 [Air= 1]

### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reaction	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

There is no data available

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Skin	There is no data available
Eyes	There is no data available
Respiratory	There is no data available

## Sensitization

SK			
Re	spira	atior	у

There is no data available There is no data available

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available

#### Carcinogenicity

There is no data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available

<u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u> There is no data available

## Aspiration hazard

There is no data available

#### Information on the likely

routes of exposure Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

### Section 12. Ecological Information

#### **Toxicity**

Liquid release is only expected to cause localized, non-persistent environmental damage, such as freezing

#### Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation of this product may occur in soil and water. Volatilization is expected to be the most important removal process in soil and water. This product is expected to exist entirely in the vapor phase in ambient air.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not expected to bioaccumulate.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficien	t (Koc)	There is no data available
Other adverse effects	Other er disposal	ivironmental hazards cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or

### **Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### **Section 14. Transport Information**

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	UN1075	DOT proper shipping	LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS
DOT Hazard Class(es)	2.1	name PG Not applicable.	(Propane, Ethane) DOT EMER. RESPONSE GUIDE
			<b>NO.</b> 115

### Section 15. Regulatiory Information

U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exe United States inventory (TSCA 8b Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated Propane: Propene: Ethane	emp ): A I fla	otion: Not determined Il components are listed or exempted. mmable substances: obutane: Butane
Clean Air Act Section 602 Clas	ss I Substances	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Clas	ss II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precurs	or Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essent	ial Chemicals)	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) H	azardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed
SARA 302/304			
Composition/informa	<b>tion on ingredients</b> id.		

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

#### SARA 311/312

Classification	: Fire hazard
	Sudden release of pressure

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 313 This product (does/not) contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

Product Name	CAS Number	%
Propene	115-07-1	0-10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

The following components are listed: Propane; Propene; Ethane; Isobutane; Butane
None of the components are listed.
The following components are listed: Propane; Propene; Ethane; Isobutane; Butane
The following components are listed: Propane; Propene; Ethane; Isobutane; Butane
No products were found.

### Section 15. Regulatiory Information

Revision date Revised Section(s) Supersedes Prepared By

#### Notice to reader

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS SDS RELATES ONLY TO THE SPECIFIC MATERIAL IDENTIFIED. IT DOES NOT COVER USE OF THAT MATERIAL IN COMBINATION WITH ANY OTHER MATERIAL OR IN ANY PARTICULAR PROCESS. IN COMPLIANCE WITH 29 C.F.R. 1910.1200(g), CHS HAS PREPARED THIS SDS IN SEGMENTS, WITH THE INTENT THAT THOSE SEGMENTS BE READ TOGETHER AS A WHOLE WITHOUT TEXTUAL OMISSIONS OR ALTERATIONS. CHS BELIEVES THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN TO BE ACCURATE, BUT MAKES NO REPRESENTATION, GUARANTEE, OR WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, ABOUT THE ACCURACY, RELIABILITY, OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION OR ABOUT THE FITNESS OF CONTENTS HEREIN FOR EITHER GENERAL OR PARTICULAR PURPOSES. PERSONS REVIEWING THIS SDS SHOULD MAKE THEIR OWN DETERMINATION AS TO THE MATERIAL'S SUITABILITY AND COMPLETENESS FOR USE IN THEIR PARTICULAR APPLICATIONS.